

LABSTAC



**OPERATION MANUAL
STEREO ZOOM
MICROSCOPE**

MSC41-060ST

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1 Before use

Notice

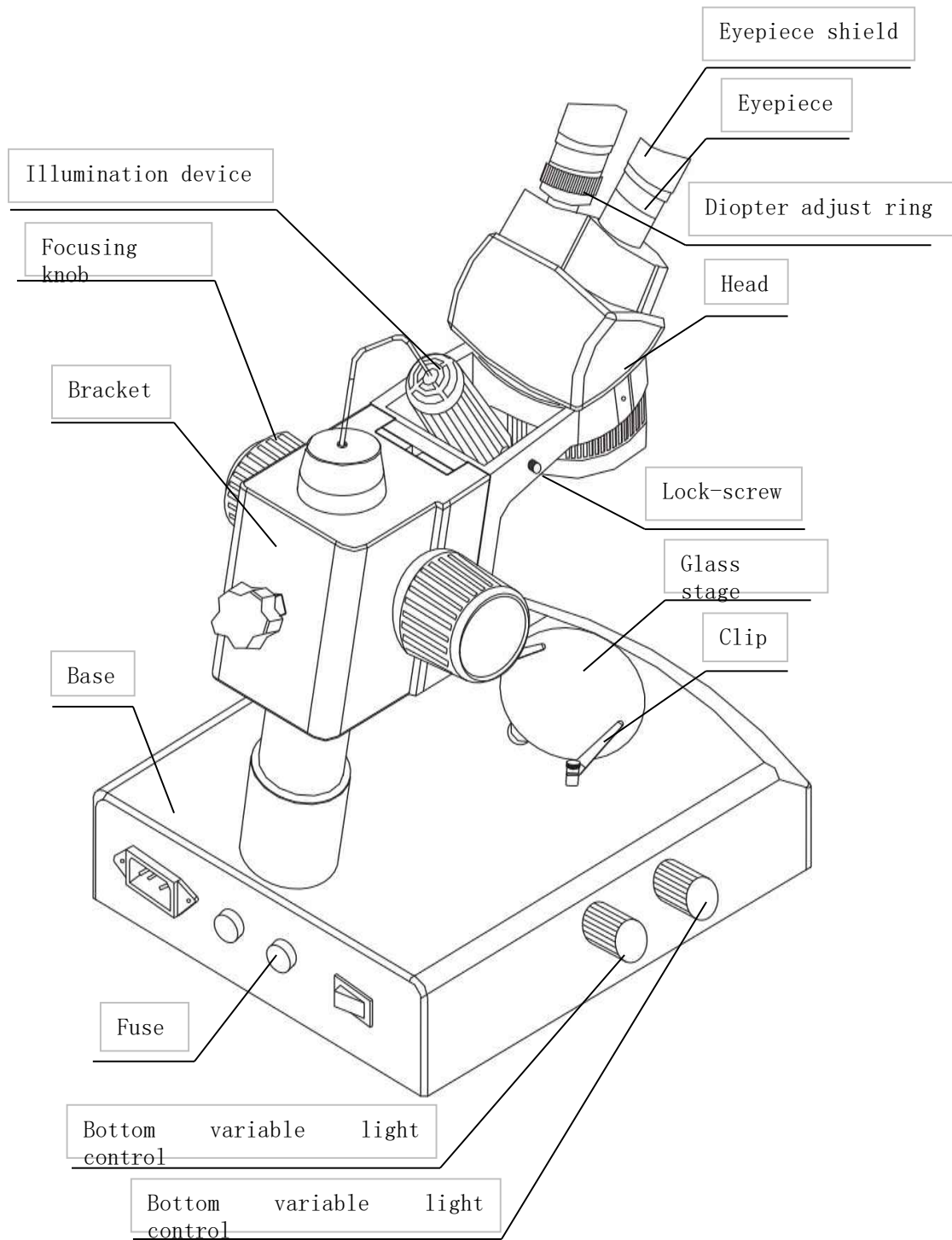
- 1) Microscope ought to be placed in a dry and clean place. Do not expose the microscope in the sun directly. Avoid high temperature and violent vibration.
- 2) Microscope is a precision instrument, so handle with care, avoiding impact or abrupt movement during transportation.
- 3) To keep the image clear, do not leave fingerprints or stains on the surfaces of the lens.
- 4) Never turn the left and right focusing knob in the adverse direction at the same time, otherwise the microscope will be damaged.

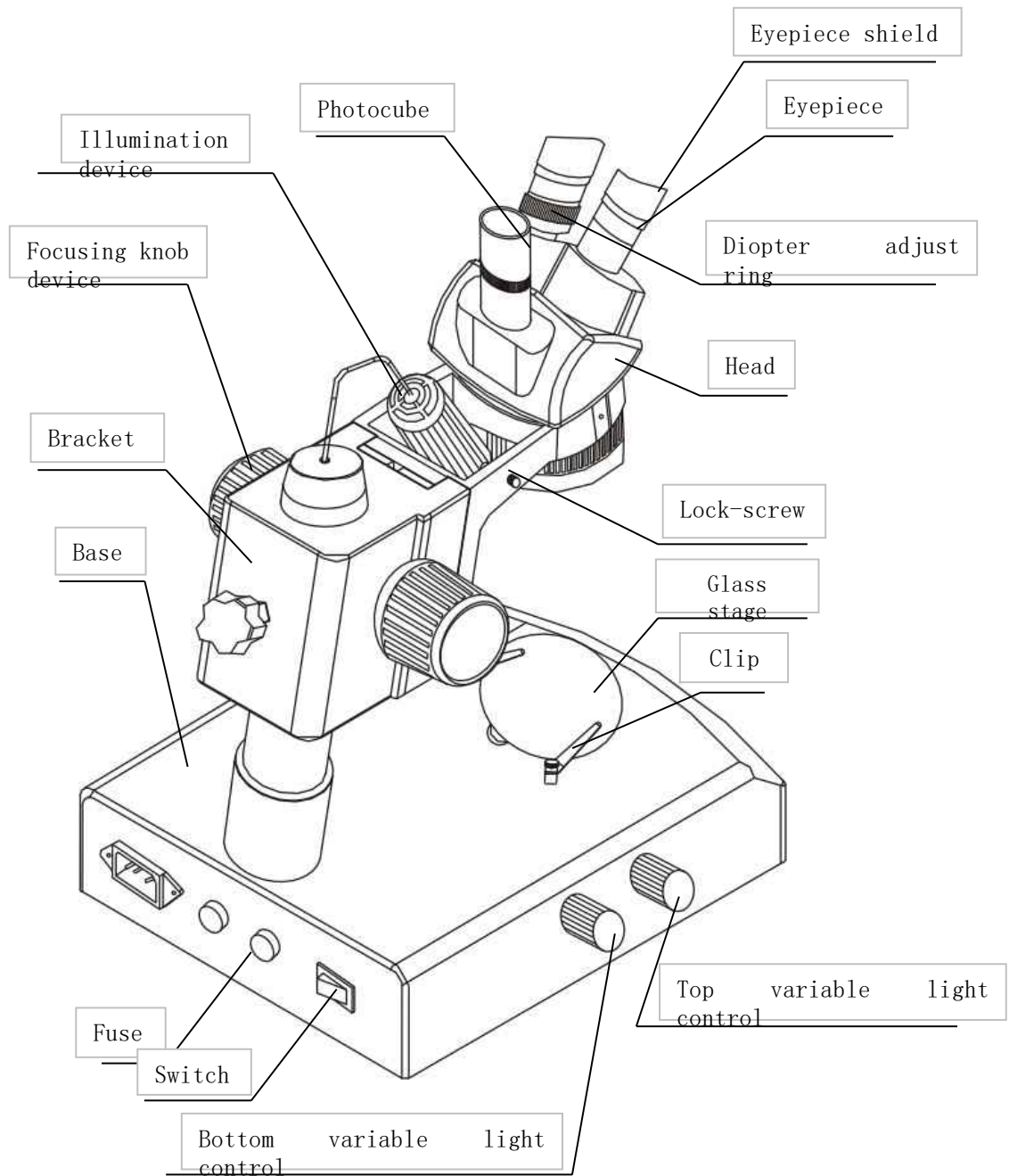
1-2 Maintenance

- 1) All lenses must be kept clean. Fine dust on the surface of the lens should be blown off with hand blower or wiped off gently with a soft lens tissue; Fingerprints or oil marked on it should be wiped off with a tissue moistened with a small amount of a 3:7 mixture of alcohol and ether.
- 2) Never use the organic solution to clean the other surface (especially the plastic surfaces). If necessary, please choose the neutral detergent.
- 3) Do not take the microscope apart for fearing that it is damaged.
- 4) After using, cover the microscope with the dust cover provided and store it in a dry and clean place free from moisture to prevent rust.
- 5) To keep the performance of the microscope, please check it periodically.

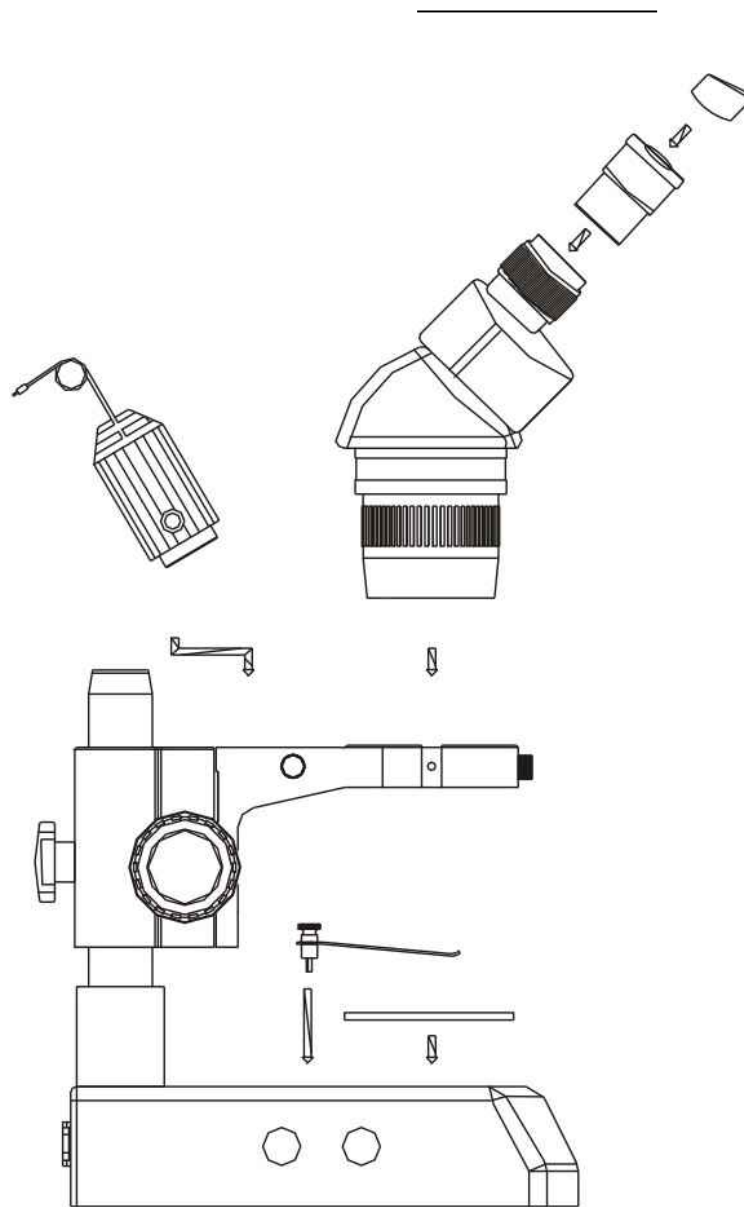


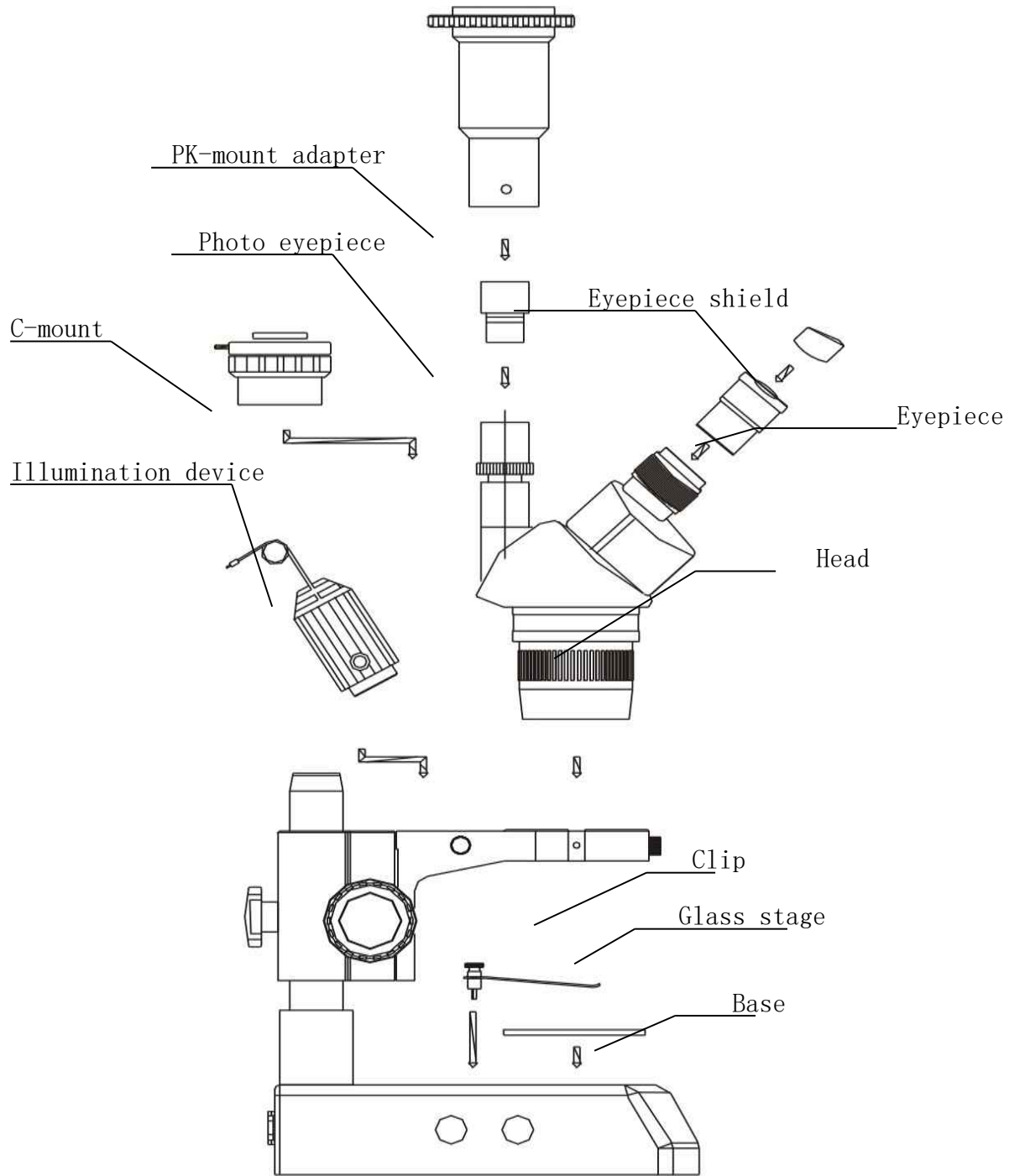
2 Nomenclature





3. Assemblage





4 Operation

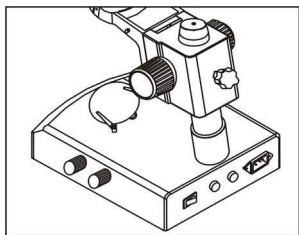


Fig. 1

4-1 Use the glass stage

- 1) Press the glass stage on the sunken place then the other side of the glass stage will be lifted (Fig. 1)

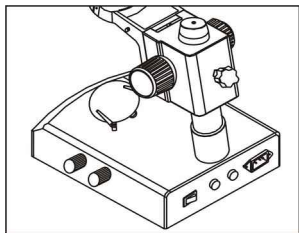


Fig.2

4-2 Adjust the degree of tightness of the focusing arm

- 1) If you want to adjust the degree of tightness of the focusing arm you can hold one of the focusing knob and turn another one to attain a suitable position. The degree of tightness relies on the direction to be turned. The clockwise direction is tight, otherwise, is loose.
- 2) The suitable position of the tightness can make the adjustment more comfortable and prevent the focusing bracket from slipping down by its weight during the observation. (Fig. 2)

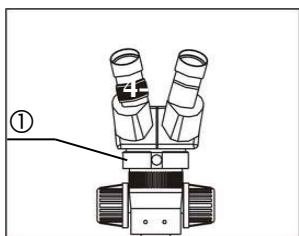


Fig.3

4-3 Set the specimen slide

- 1) Set the specimen in the center of stage plate. If necessary, clamp the slide with the clips.
- 2) Turn on the light.

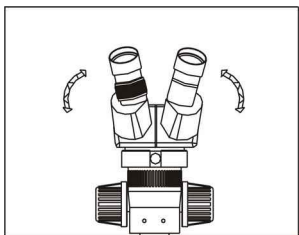


Fig. 4

4-4 Adjust diopter and focus

- 1) Turn the focusing knob and observe the specimen through the right eyepiece till the image of the specimen is clear.
- 2) Observe the specimen through the left eyepiece and adjust the diopter adjustment ring ① till the image is clear. (Fig. 3)

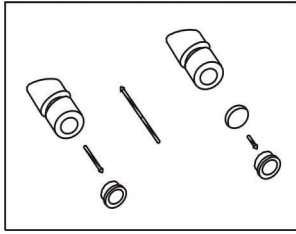


Fig. 5

4-5 Adjust the interpupillary distance

Adjust the prism housing along the direction of arrow of the Fig.4 till the observation is comfortable .

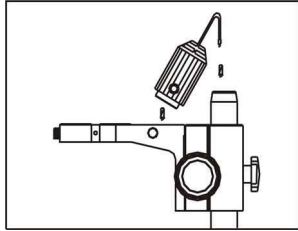


Fig. 6

4-6 Use eyepiece shields

- 1)For user who does not wear glasses, hold the diopter - adjusting ring to prevent them from rotating and turn the eyepiece till the eyepiece shield fit the observer well.
- 2)For user who wears glasses , take the eyepiece shields off before observation .

4-7 Install and remove the optional eyepiece micrometer

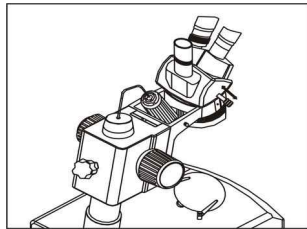


Fig. 7

- 1)Turn and remove the mounting ring ② from the eyepiece . (Fig.5)
- 2)Clean the eyepiece micrometer ①,and mount it to the mounting ring with the inscription side downward .
- 3)Gently twist the mounting ring with the eyepiece micrometer into the eyepiece till tightening② securely.
- 4)To remove the eyepiece micrometer , take down the mounting ring by twisting and take out of the micrometer , and the wrap it in clean soft paper for storage.

4-8 Install the illumination device

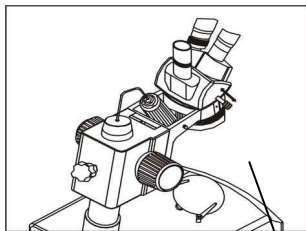


Fig. 8

- 1)Insert the illumination device ① in the bracket with the protrudent side toward the lock screw ② and tighten the lock - screw.Fig .6)
- 2)Put the plug into the socket of the pillar stand



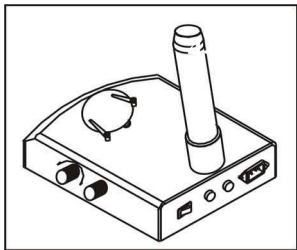


Fig. 9

4-9 Choose the optical system

1) You can alternate the binocular and video capture by pushing or pulling “the pole”. You can attain binocular observation by pushing “the pole” inside, or attain video capture by pulling it outside. (Fig. 7)

4-10 Mount the photo eyepiece and the PK-mount adapter

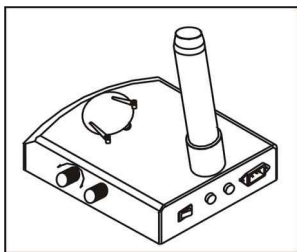


Fig. 10

- 1) Put the photo eyepiece into the eyepiece socket of the tri-ocular.
- 2) Connect the PK mount adapter with the photo eyepiece, and then tighten the lock screw (Fig. 8)

4-11 Adjust the brightness of the bottom light

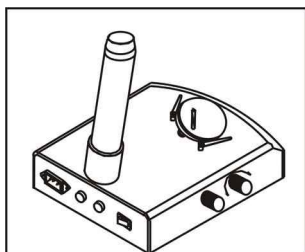


Fig. 11

1) Turn the adjustable light knob ① according to the sign marked on the base, along the clockwise the brightness will be added otherwise it will be weakened. (Fig. 9)

4-12 Replace the lamps

- 1) Press the stage on the sunken place then the other side will be lifted. (Fig. 10)
- 2) Take the lamp out of the jack.
- 3) Put a new lamp into the jack thoroughly.
- 4) Recover the stage plate (Fig. 11)

Note: ① Before replacing the lamps, turn off the power first.
 ② Avoid violence while the lamp is plugged into the jack.

4-13 Replace the fuse

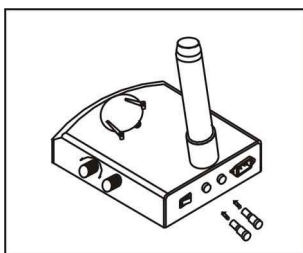


Fig. 12

- 1) Screw the fuse tube out with a screwdriver and pull the fuse out of the tube ①.
- 2) Remove the fuse and mount it in an adverse way (Fig. 12)

①



5 Configuration chart

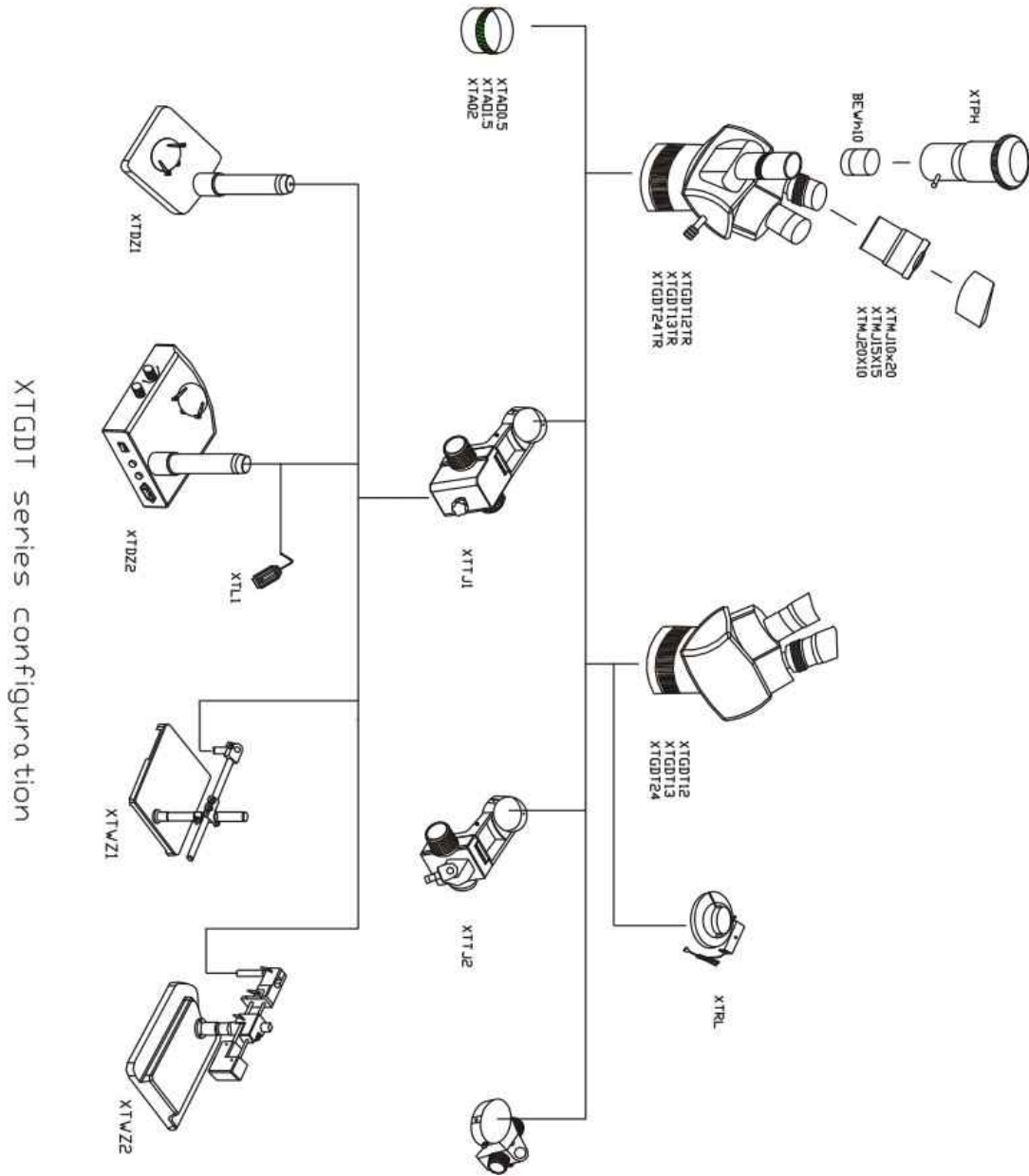
5-1 ST60 Series Configuration

Configuration		Model					
Parts	Specification	MSC 41-060S T 12B1	MSC 41-060S T 12B2	MSC4 1-060ST T 12B3	MSC4 1-060ST T 12T1	MSC 41-060S T 12T2	MSC 41-060S T 12T3
Eyepieces	SZMEWh10*20	O	O	O	O	O	O
	SZMEWh15*15						
	SZMEWh20*10						
Objectives	1X/100mm	O	O		O	O	
	2X/100mm	O		O	O		O
	3X/100mm		O			O	
	4X/100mm			O			O
Binocular	ST60	O	O	O			
Tri-ocular	ST60TR				O	O	O
Big conversion lens	SZMAO0.5/165mm						
	SZMAO1.5/45mm						
	SZMAO2/30mm						
Focusing arm	SZMA1	O	O	O	O	O	O
Stand	SZMST1	O			O		
	SZMST2		O			O	
	SZMST3			O			O
	SZSTL1						
	SZSTL2						
Transformer	SZT1						
Epi-illuminator	SZML1		O	O		O	O
Hold for illuminator	SZFH1						
	SZPD1						
Photo device	SZMPH						
Gem clamp	S/ST-GC						
Ring fluorescence Light	SZRL	O			O		
Box	Inside foam	O	O	O	O	O	O
	Outside carton						

Note: The items marked “O” included and others for option.



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6 Technical parameter

6-1 ST60 series optical parameter

Objective Mag.	Working Distance (mm)	Eyepiece		Eyepieces (option)			
		SZMEWh10X20		SZMEWh15X		SZMEWh20X10	
		Mag	Objective field	Mag	Objective field	Mag	Objective field
1X	100	10X	20	15X	15	20X	11
2X		20X	10	30X	7.5	40X	5
3X		30X	6.7	45X	5	ST60 X	3.3
4X		40X	5	ST60 X	3.75	80X	2.5

6-2 Auxiliary objective for ST60 series

Auxiliary objectives	Magnification	Working distance (mm)
SZMAO0.5	0.5X	165
SZMAO1.5	1.5X	45
SZMAO2	2X	30

- ★ Working distance is fixed regardless of the magnification factor .
- ★ Total mag.=Objective mag X Auxiliary mag X Auxiliary mag _____
Eyepiece field
- Diameter of field of view (mm)= Objective mag X Auxiliary objective mag _____
- ★ Photo adaptor mag.=Objective mag X Auxiliary objective mag X Photo eyepiece mag.

6-3 The base electrical specification of ST60 series

Model Parts		SZMST1	SZMST2	SZMST3
Power supply		No	220V-50 Hz 110V-50/ST60Hz	220V-50 Hz 110V-50/ST60Hz
Transformer		No	Input:220/110VAC Output:12VDC/45W	Input:220/110VAC Output:12VDC/45W
Illuminate	Top light	No	12V/15 W halogen lamp	12V/15 W halogen lamp
	Bottom light		12V/15 W halogen lamp	220V/110 V , 7W fluorescence lamp



6-4 Configuration parameter of ST60 series

Parts		Model	ST6012/ ST60TR12	ST6013/ ST60TR13	ST6024/ ST60TR24
Head	Objective magnification		1X ,2X	1X ,3X	2X ,4X
	Working distance		100mm		
	Observation angle		45°		
	Interpupillary distance adjustment		Linkage between left and right eyepiece tube Range of single adjustment :54-75mm		
	Diopier adjustment		Range of single adjustment : ±5D		
	Mount with auxiliary objectives		Screw hole : M48*0.75		
Objective	Field of view		φ20mm		
Main body	Mount the head		Mount the head in the bracket hole whose diameter isφ76mm		
	Focusing device		The degree of adjustable by rotating the focusing knob . Range of single adjustable :49 mm		
	Glass stage		Diameter : φ95mm		
	Clips		Put it on the base from top		



7 Trouble shooting

The performance of the microscope can't be made fully because of unfamiliar using. This table will give some advices .

Trouble	Cause	Remedy
1.Double images	Interpipillary distance is not correct	Readjust it
	Diopter djustment is not correct	Readjust it
	Magnification of each eyepiece is not the same size	Mount the same size eyepiece
2.Dirt appears in the field of view	Dirt on the specimen	Clean the specimen
	Dirt on the surface of eyepiece	Clean the surface
3.Image is not clear	Dirt on the surface of the objective	Clean the objectives
4.Image is not clear while the focus changing	Diopter adjustment is not correct	Readjust the diopter
	Focus is not correct	Readjust the focus
5.The focusing knob is not smooth	The focusing knob is too tight	Loosen it to a suitable position
6.The image is obscure because of the head slipping down by itself during observation	The focusing knob is too loose	Tighten it to a suitable position
7.Incision image appears in the field of view or of the video view	The pole is not in correct position	Pull or push it to the correct position
8.Eyes fell tired easily	Diopter adjustment is not correct	Adjust the diopter
	Brightness of light is not correct	Adjust the brightness
9.Bulb does not work when the switch is on	No power in	Check the connection with the power supply
	The bulb was not insert correct	Insert it correctly
	Bulb is wrong	Replace with a new one
10.Bulb is burned out suddenly	Use the wrong bulb	Replace with a correct one
	The voltage is too high	Control the voltage Eg :use voltage regulator
11.Brightness is not enough	Use the wrong bulb	Replace with a correct one
	The voltage is too low	Increase the input voltage



12.The bulb flickers or the brightness is unstable	The bulb will burn out soon	Replace with a new one
	The bulb was not inserted correctly	Insert it correctly



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